



SRS BULLETIN

SAMPLE REGISTRATION SYSTEM

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL, INDIA

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About SRS

The Sample Registration System (SRS) provides reliable annual estimates of Infant mortality rate, birth rate, death rate and other fertility & mortality indicators at the national and sub-national levels. It is a large-scale demographic survey conducted every year by Office of the Registrar General, India in all States/Union Territories.

Abstract

This Bulletin presents the estimates of Birth Rate, Death Rate, Natural Growth Rate and Infant

Mortality Rate (IMR) for the year 2020 for India and its States/Union Territories. The 'Bigger States/Union Territories' in this Bulletin are those having population more than 10 million as per Census 2011.

In 2020, the birth rate for the country has been estimated at 19.5, whereas the death rate has been estimated at 6.0. The estimate of Infant Mortality Rate for the year 2020 is 28 infant deaths per thousand live births.

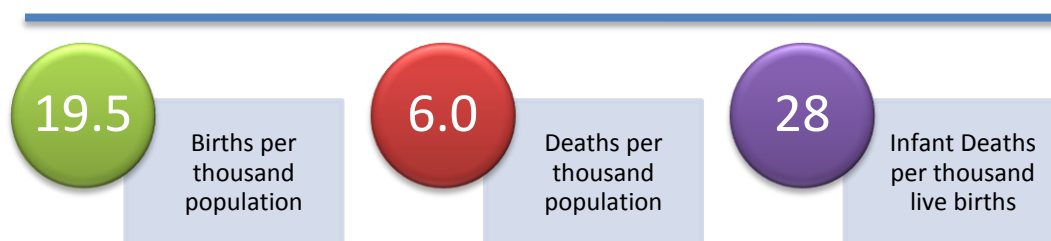


Figure 1: India at a glance, 2020

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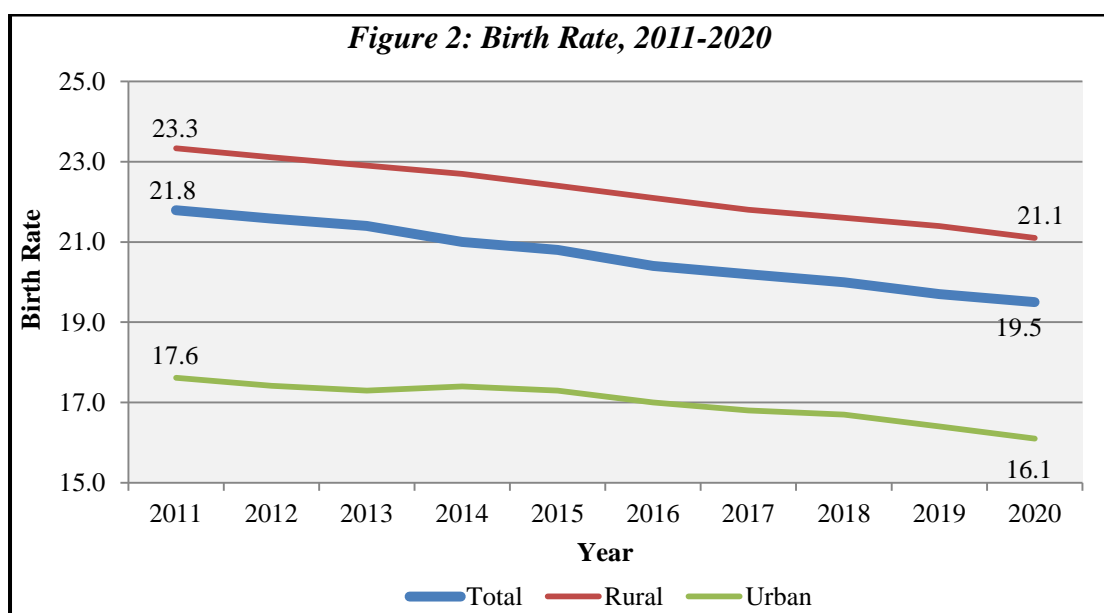
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Birth Rate

Birth Rate is a crude measure of fertility of a population and is a crucial determinant of population growth. It gives the number of live births per thousand population in a given region and year.

The birth rate at all India level has declined drastically over the last five decades from 36.9 in 1971 to 19.5 in 2020. The rural-urban differential has also narrowed over these years. However, the birth rate has continued to be higher in rural areas compared to urban areas in the last five decades. *Figure-2* below shows the level of estimated birth rate for India over the last ten years. Birth rate has declined by about 11% in the last decade, from 21.8 in 2011 to 19.5 in 2020. The corresponding decline in rural areas is 23.3 to 21.1 (about 9% decline), and for urban areas it is from 17.6 to 16.1 (about 9% decline).

In 2020, the highest Birth Rate has been observed at 25.5 in Bihar, whereas Andaman & Nicobar Islands has the lowest Birth Rate of 10.8.

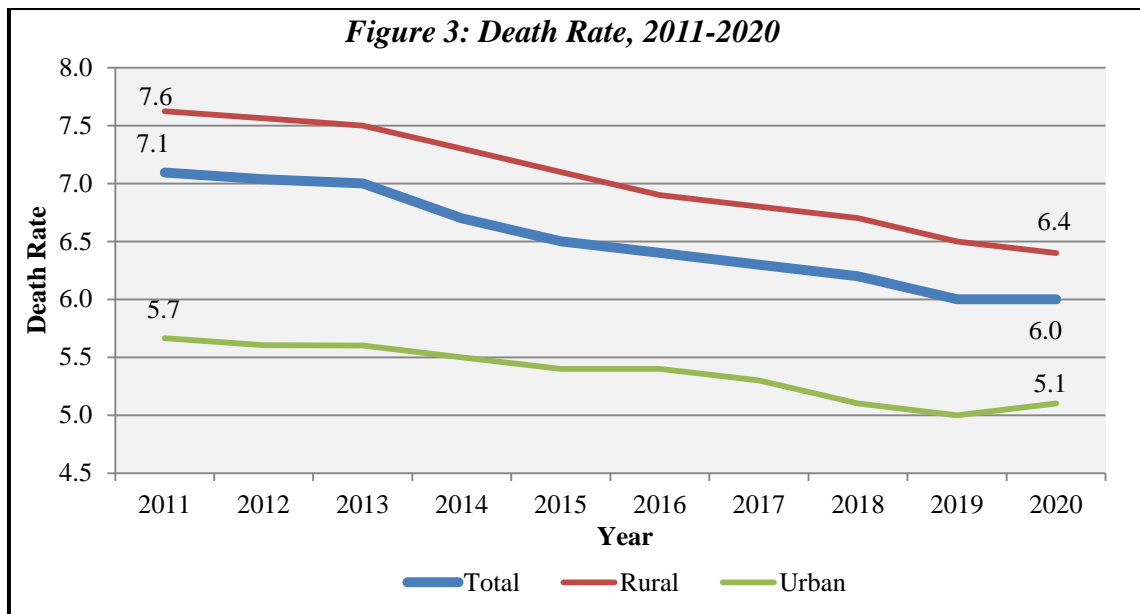


In 2020, Chhattisgarh has recorded the highest Death Rate of 7.9, whereas the lowest Death Rate has been recorded in Delhi at 3.6.

Death Rate

Mortality is one of the basic components of population change and the related data is essential for demographic studies and public health administration. Death rate is one of the simplest measures of mortality and is defined as the number of deaths per thousand population in a given region and time period.

The death rate of India has witnessed a significant decline over the last five decades from 14.9 in 1971 to 6.0 in 2020. The following *Figure-3* indicates that death rate at all India level has declined from 7.1 to 6.0 in the last ten years, witnessing about 15% decadal decline. The corresponding decline in rural areas is 7.6 to 6.4 (about 16% decline), and for urban areas it is from 5.7 to 5.1 (about 11% decline).



Infant Mortality Rate

The Infant Mortality Rate (IMR), which is widely accepted as a crude indicator of the overall health scenario of a country or a region, is defined as the infant deaths (less than one year) per thousand live births in a given time period and for a given region.

The present level of IMR (28 infant deaths per thousand live births, for the year 2020) is less than one-fourth as compared to 1971 (129 infant deaths per thousand live births). In the last ten years, IMR has witnessed a decline of about 36%. The *Figure-4* given below indicates that IMR at all India level has declined from 44 to 28 in the last decade. The corresponding decline in rural areas is 48 to 31, and for urban areas it is from 29 to 19, thereby exhibiting about 35% and 34% decadal decline respectively.

Despite the decline in IMR over the last decades, one in every 36 infants die within first year of their life at the National level (irrespective of rural-urban).

In 2020, the maximum IMR has been reported for Madhya Pradesh (43) and the minimum for Mizoram (3).

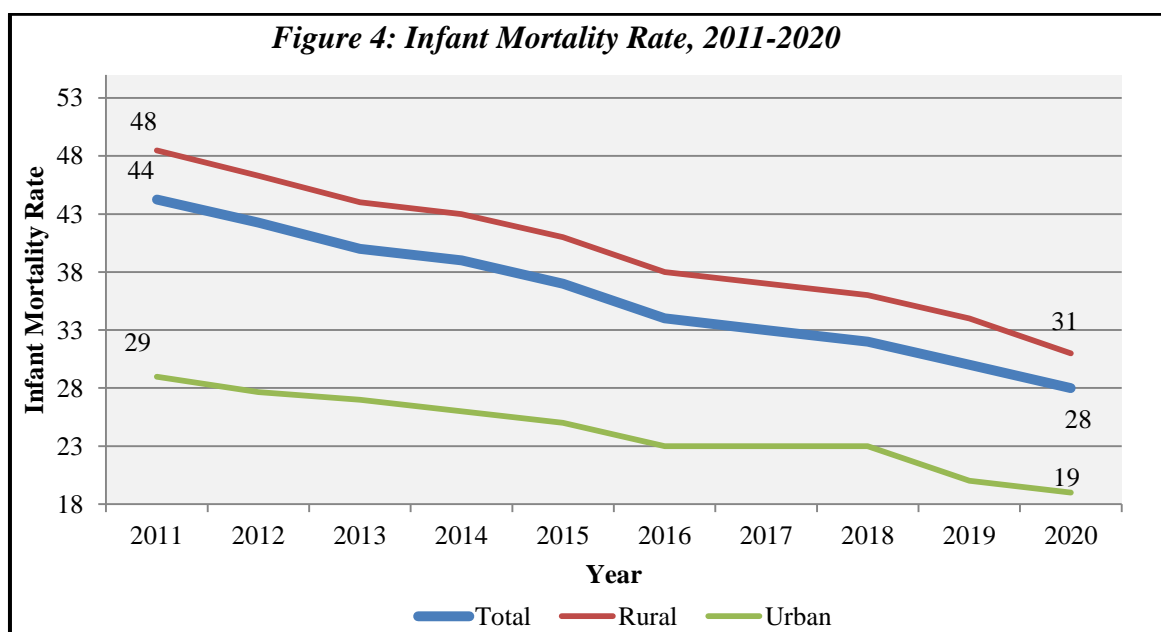


Table 1: Estimated Birth rate, Death rate, Natural growth rate and Infant mortality rate, 2020

India/States/ Union Territories	Birth rate			Death rate			Natural growth rate			Infant mortality rate		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
India	19.5	21.1	16.1	6.0	6.4	5.1	13.5	14.7	11.0	28	31	19
Bigger States/Union Territories												
1. Andhra Pradesh	15.7	16.0	15.0	6.3	7.0	4.9	9.3	9.0	10.1	24	26	18
2. Assam	20.8	21.9	14.3	6.2	6.4	5.4	14.5	15.5	8.9	36	39	17
3. Bihar	25.5	26.2	21.0	5.4	5.5	5.2	20.0	20.7	15.7	27	27	25
4. Chhattisgarh	22.0	23.4	17.3	7.9	8.4	6.3	14.1	15.0	11.0	38	40	31
5. NCT of Delhi	14.2	15.5	14.1	3.6	4.1	3.5	10.6	11.4	10.6	12	20	12
6. Gujarat	19.3	21.1	17.1	5.6	6.0	5.0	13.7	15.1	12.0	23	27	17
7. Haryana	19.9	21.2	17.7	6.1	6.5	5.5	13.8	14.7	12.3	28	31	23
8. Jammu & Kashmir	14.6	16.1	11.1	4.6	4.9	4.1	10.0	11.3	7.0	17	18	13
9. Jharkhand	22.0	23.4	17.6	5.2	5.5	4.5	16.7	17.9	13.1	25	26	21
10. Karnataka	16.5	17.5	15.0	6.2	7.1	4.8	10.4	10.5	10.2	19	21	16
11. Kerala	13.2	13.1	13.3	7.0	7.0	7.1	6.2	6.1	6.3	6	4	9
12. Madhya Pradesh	24.1	26.0	18.8	6.5	6.8	5.6	17.6	19.2	13.1	43	47	30
13. Maharashtra	15.0	15.3	14.6	5.5	6.2	4.6	9.6	9.1	10.1	16	20	11
14. Odisha	17.7	18.7	13.1	7.3	7.5	6.5	10.4	11.2	6.6	36	37	28
15. Punjab	14.3	14.9	13.6	7.2	8.3	5.7	7.1	6.6	7.9	18	19	17
16. Rajasthan	23.5	24.4	20.8	5.6	5.8	5.1	17.9	18.6	15.7	32	35	23
17. Tamil Nadu	13.8	14.0	13.6	6.1	7.2	5.1	7.7	6.8	8.5	13	15	10
18. Telangana	16.4	16.8	15.9	6.0	7.2	4.2	10.4	9.6	11.7	21	24	17
19. Uttar Pradesh	25.1	26.1	22.1	6.5	6.8	5.4	18.7	19.3	16.7	38	40	28
20. Uttarakhand	16.6	17.0	15.6	6.3	6.7	5.1	10.4	10.3	10.5	24	25	24
21. West Bengal	14.6	16.1	11.2	5.5	5.3	5.8	9.1	10.8	5.4	19	19	17
Smaller States												
1. Arunachal Pradesh	17.3	17.8	15.0	5.7	5.9	4.4	11.6	11.8	10.6	21	22	13
2. Goa	12.1	11.7	12.4	5.9	6.3	5.5	6.2	5.3	6.9	5	7	3
3. Himachal Pradesh	15.3	15.7	10.0	6.8	7.0	4.4	8.5	8.7	5.6	17	18	15
4. Manipur	13.3	13.5	12.8	4.3	4.0	4.8	9.0	9.5	8.0	6	6	5
5. Meghalaya	22.9	25.1	12.9	5.3	5.5	4.4	17.6	19.6	8.5	29	30	16
6. Mizoram	14.4	16.8	11.7	4.2	3.8	4.6	10.2	13.0	7.1	3	3	3
7. Nagaland	12.5	12.9	11.8	3.7	3.9	3.5	8.8	9.0	8.4	4	7	NA*
8. Sikkim	15.6	14.0	18.2	4.1	4.3	3.7	11.6	9.7	14.5	5	8	1
9. Tripura	12.6	13.4	10.7	5.7	5.4	6.5	6.9	8.0	4.2	18	18	17
Union Territories												
1. Andaman & Nicobar Islands	10.8	11.5	10.0	5.8	6.8	4.5	5.0	4.7	5.4	7	7	6
2. Chandigarh	12.9	18.1	12.8	3.9	4.0	3.8	9.1	14.0	9.0	8	9	8
3. Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu	20.3	18.0	21.4	3.7	4.7	3.3	16.5	13.3	18.1	16	15	11
4. Ladakh	14.3	15.2	10.8	5.0	5.2	4.4	9.3	10.0	6.5	16	17	12
5. Lakshadweep	14.5	19.9	13.1	5.4	7.2	5.0	9.1	12.7	8.1	9	19	5
6. Puducherry	13.1	13.1	13.1	6.5	7.5	6.1	6.6	5.6	7.0	6	8	5

Note: Infant mortality rates for smaller States and Union Territories are based on three-year period 2018-20.

* Not Available as no infant death was recorded in the respective sample units for the year 2020.

Table 2 : Ninety five percent confidence limits (lower and upper limits) for Birth Rate, 2020

India/States/ Union Territories	Birth Rate					
	Total		Rural		Urban	
	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
India	19.2	19.7	20.8	21.4	15.9	16.4
Bigger States/Union Territories						
1. Andhra Pradesh	15.1	16.3	15.1	16.8	14.5	15.5
2. Assam	19.4	22.1	20.3	23.4	13.7	14.9
3. Bihar	24.9	26.0	25.5	26.8	20.0	21.9
4. Chhattisgarh	20.6	23.5	21.6	25.3	16.3	18.4
5. NCT of Delhi	13.2	15.1	13.4	17.6	13.1	15.1
6. Gujarat	18.5	20.1	19.8	22.4	16.4	17.7
7. Haryana	18.9	20.8	19.8	22.6	16.6	18.9
8. Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh	13.8	15.4	15.0	17.3	10.4	11.8
9. Jharkhand	20.5	23.5	21.4	25.4	16.5	18.7
10. Karnataka	15.7	17.4	16.2	18.8	14.5	15.6
11. Kerala	12.4	14.0	11.8	14.4	12.5	14.2
12. Madhya Pradesh	23.4	24.9	25.0	27.1	18.2	19.4
13. Maharashtra	14.4	15.6	14.3	16.3	14.3	15.0
14. Odisha	17.0	18.4	17.9	19.5	12.2	13.9
15. Punjab	13.7	14.9	13.9	15.8	12.9	14.3
16. Rajasthan	22.7	24.3	23.4	25.5	19.8	21.8
17. Tamil Nadu	13.5	14.2	13.4	14.7	13.2	14.1
18. Telangana	15.6	17.2	15.5	18.0	14.9	16.9
19. Uttar Pradesh	24.0	26.2	24.7	27.5	21.0	23.2
20. Uttarakhand	15.8	17.4	16.0	18.0	14.4	16.8
21. West Bengal	14.0	15.2	15.3	16.8	10.0	12.4
Smaller States						
1. Arunachal Pradesh	15.2	19.3	15.3	20.2	12.7	17.3
2. Goa	11.1	13.0	10.4	12.9	11.0	13.8
3. Himachal Pradesh	14.1	16.4	14.4	17.0	9.1	10.9
4. Manipur	12.3	14.3	12.4	14.7	11.1	14.6
5. Meghalaya	20.2	25.6	21.8	28.3	11.4	14.4
6. Mizoram	12.2	16.5	12.9	20.7	10.1	13.3
7. Nagaland	11.2	13.8	10.8	15.0	11.1	12.6
8. Sikkim	14.2	17.1	12.9	15.1	14.9	21.4
9. Tripura	11.7	13.6	12.3	14.6	9.0	12.4
Union Territories						
1. Andaman & Nicobar Islands	9.7	11.8	10.0	13.0	8.5	11.4
2. Chandigarh	10.3	15.6	14.8	21.3	10.1	15.6
3. Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu	18.9	21.6	14.5	21.5	20.4	22.3
4. Ladakh	12.8	15.8	13.3	17.1	9.6	12.0
5. Lakshadweep	10.2	18.8	-2.4	42.1	11.6	14.6
6. Puducherry	11.9	14.3	12.1	14.0	11.5	14.7

Note : Ninety five percent confidence limits for Birth rate, Death rate and Infant mortality rate have been estimated using the formulae $BR \pm 2 \text{ S.E.}(BR)$, $DR \pm 2 \text{ S.E.}(DR)$ and $IMR \pm 2 \text{ S.E.}(IMR)$ respectively.

Table 3: Ninety five percent confidence limits (lower and upper limits) for Death Rate and Infant Mortality Rate, 2020

India/States/ Union Territories	Death Rate						Infant Mortality Rate					
	Total		Rural		Urban		Total		Rural		Urban	
	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
India	5.9	6.1	6.3	6.6	5.0	5.3	27	29	30	33	17	21

Bigger States/Union Territories

1. Andhra Pradesh	6.0	6.7	6.5	7.5	4.5	5.3	20	28	22	31	11	25
2. Assam	5.7	6.7	5.8	7.0	5.0	5.9	29	43	31	47	11	23
3. Bihar	5.2	5.6	5.2	5.7	4.8	5.6	24	30	24	31	17	32
4. Chhattisgarh	7.1	8.7	7.4	9.3	5.2	7.5	28	49	27	52	15	46
5. NCT of Delhi	3.2	4.0	2.2	5.9	3.1	4.0	7	17	7	33	6	17
6. Gujarat	5.2	5.9	5.6	6.5	4.5	5.6	19	26	22	31	10	24
7. Haryana	5.7	6.5	6.0	7.0	4.7	6.2	23	33	25	37	15	31
8. Jammu & Kashmir	4.3	4.9	4.5	5.3	3.5	4.6	12	22	12	23	1	26
9. Jharkhand	4.9	5.6	5.1	5.9	3.9	5.0	18	32	18	34	13	28
10. Karnataka	5.7	6.6	6.5	7.6	4.1	5.6	14	24	16	26	5	27
11. Kerala	6.6	7.5	6.6	7.5	6.4	7.8	3	10	2	6	2	15
12. Madhya Pradesh	6.2	6.8	6.4	7.2	5.1	6.2	39	48	42	52	21	38
13. Maharashtra	5.2	5.8	5.7	6.7	4.2	4.9	12	19	15	24	6	15
14. Odisha	6.9	7.7	7.1	7.9	5.6	7.4	31	40	32	42	16	39
15. Punjab	6.8	7.5	7.8	8.8	5.1	6.3	13	23	13	25	9	25
16. Rajasthan	5.3	5.9	5.5	6.1	4.4	5.7	28	36	30	39	14	32
17. Tamil Nadu	5.8	6.4	6.8	7.6	4.7	5.5	10	16	11	19	6	15
18. Telangana	5.5	6.5	6.5	7.8	3.7	4.8	17	26	19	30	9	25
19. Uttar Pradesh	6.1	6.8	6.4	7.2	4.9	5.9	34	41	36	45	21	35
20. Uttarakhand	5.9	6.6	6.2	7.2	4.6	5.5	18	31	16	33	18	30
21. West Bengal	5.2	5.7	5.0	5.6	5.4	6.3	16	22	16	23	10	24

Smaller States

1. Arunachal Pradesh
2. Goa
3. Himachal Pradesh
4. Manipur
5. Meghalaya
6. Mizoram
7. Nagaland
8. Sikkim
9. Tripura

Confidence limits of Death Rate and Infant Mortality Rate for smaller States and Union Territories have not been presented due to small sample size and very large variations between the Upper and Lower tolerance limits.

Union Territories

1. Andaman & Nicobar Islands
2. Chandigarh
3. Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu
4. Ladakh
5. Lakshadweep
6. Puducherry

Note : Ninety five percent confidence limits for Birth rate, Death rate and Infant mortality rate have been estimated using the formulae $BR \pm 2$ S.E.(BR), $DR \pm 2$ S.E.(DR) and $IMR \pm 2$ S.E.(IMR) respectively.

Table 4: Death rate by sex and residence, 2020

India/States/ Union Territories	Total			Rural			Urban		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
India	6.0	6.6	5.4	6.4	7.0	5.8	5.1	5.7	4.5
Bigger States/Union Territories									
1. Andhra Pradesh	6.3	7.1	5.6	7.0	7.8	6.2	4.9	5.5	4.3
2. Assam	6.2	6.7	5.8	6.4	6.8	5.9	5.4	5.9	4.9
3. Bihar	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.3	5.1
4. Chhattisgarh	7.9	8.6	7.2	8.4	9.0	7.7	6.3	7.1	5.5
5. NCT of Delhi	3.6	4.0	3.1	4.1	4.7	3.3	3.5	3.9	3.1
6. Gujarat	5.6	6.2	4.9	6.0	7.0	5.0	5.0	5.3	4.7
7. Haryana	6.1	7.1	5.0	6.5	7.6	5.1	5.5	6.2	4.7
8. Jammu & Kashmir	4.6	5.5	3.7	4.9	5.7	4.0	4.1	4.9	3.2
9. Jharkhand	5.2	5.0	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.9	4.5	4.5	4.4
10. Karnataka	6.2	7.1	5.3	7.1	8.1	5.9	4.8	5.4	4.2
11. Kerala	7.0	8.3	5.9	7.0	8.1	6.1	7.1	8.6	5.7
12. Madhya Pradesh	6.5	7.2	5.8	6.8	7.4	6.1	5.6	6.4	4.8
13. Maharashtra	5.5	6.1	4.8	6.2	6.8	5.5	4.6	5.2	3.9
14. Odisha	7.3	7.9	6.8	7.5	8.0	7.0	6.5	7.4	5.5
15. Punjab	7.2	7.9	6.3	8.3	9.0	7.5	5.7	6.5	4.8
16. Rajasthan	5.6	6.3	4.9	5.8	6.5	5.0	5.1	5.5	4.6
17. Tamil Nadu	6.1	7.1	5.1	7.2	8.3	6.1	5.1	5.9	4.2
18. Telangana	6.0	6.6	5.3	7.2	8.2	6.1	4.2	4.3	4.1
19. Uttar Pradesh	6.5	6.7	6.2	6.8	7.1	6.4	5.4	5.4	5.4
20. Uttarakhand	6.3	7.0	5.5	6.7	7.6	5.7	5.1	5.4	4.7
21. West Bengal	5.5	6.2	4.7	5.3	6.1	4.5	5.8	6.5	5.1
Smaller States									
1. Arunachal Pradesh	5.7	5.9	5.4	5.9	6.2	5.7	4.4	4.5	4.2
2. Goa	5.9	6.5	5.2	6.3	6.8	5.8	5.5	6.3	4.7
3. Himachal Pradesh	6.8	8.1	5.5	7.0	8.4	5.6	4.4	5.1	3.6
4. Manipur	4.3	5.1	3.5	4.0	4.8	3.2	4.8	5.6	4.1
5. Meghalaya	5.3	5.8	4.9	5.5	6.0	5.0	4.4	4.7	4.2
6. Mizoram	4.2	4.5	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.7	4.6	5.2	4.0
7. Nagaland	3.7	4.3	3.2	3.9	4.4	3.4	3.5	4.0	2.9
8. Sikkim	4.1	4.5	3.6	4.3	4.8	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.4
9. Tripura	5.7	6.2	5.2	5.4	6.0	4.8	6.5	6.8	6.1
Union Territories									
1. Andaman & Nicobar Islands	5.8	7.6	3.9	6.8	8.7	4.9	4.5	6.2	2.8
2. Chandigarh	3.9	4.3	3.4	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.8	4.3	3.4
3. Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu	3.7	4.1	3.3	4.7	5.2	4.1	3.3	3.6	2.9
4. Ladakh	5.0	5.9	4.2	5.2	5.7	4.7	4.4	6.5	2.3
5. Lakshadweep	5.4	5.8	5.1	7.2	7.7	6.7	5.0	5.3	4.7
6. Puducherry	6.5	7.3	5.8	7.5	8.7	6.4	6.1	6.7	5.6

Table 5: Infant mortality rate by sex and residence, 2020

India/States/ Union Territories	Total			Rural			Urban		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
India	28	28	28	31	31	32	19	19	18
Bigger States/Union Territories									
1. Andhra Pradesh	24	24	24	26	27	26	18	18	18
2. Assam	36	35	37	39	37	40	17	17	17
3. Bihar	27	26	29	27	26	29	25	23	27
4. Chhattisgarh	38	35	41	40	35	44	31	34	28
5. NCT of Delhi	12	12	12	20	26	15	12	12	12
6. Gujarat	23	24	21	27	28	25	17	18	15
7. Haryana	28	29	27	31	32	29	23	23	23
8. Jammu & Kashmir	17	16	18	18	17	19	13	12	14
9. Jharkhand	25	24	26	26	25	27	21	19	23
10. Karnataka	19	18	20	21	20	22	16	15	17
11. Kerala	6	10	3	4	6	2	9	15	3
12. Madhya Pradesh	43	44	43	47	47	46	30	30	29
13. Maharashtra	16	15	15	20	19	20	11	11	10
14. Odisha	36	35	36	37	36	37	28	29	26
15. Punjab	18	18	19	19	19	20	17	17	17
16. Rajasthan	32	31	33	35	33	37	23	26	20
17. Tamil Nadu	13	13	13	15	15	16	10	11	10
18. Telangana	21	21	22	24	25	24	17	16	18
19. Uttar Pradesh	38	37	38	40	39	41	28	29	27
20. Uttarakhand	24	24	24	25	25	24	24	23	25
21. West Bengal	19	20	18	19	20	18	17	17	18
Smaller States									
1. Arunachal Pradesh	21	19	22						
2. Goa	5	7	3						
3. Himachal Pradesh	17	23	12						
4. Manipur	6	5	6						
5. Meghalaya	29	27	30						
6. Mizoram	3	1	4						
7. Nagaland	4	3	5						
8. Sikkim	5	5	5						
9. Tripura	18	18	17						
Union Territories									
1. Andaman & Nicobar Islands	7	3	10						
2. Chandigarh	8	2	15						
3. Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu	16	16	16						
4. Ladakh	16	16	16						
5. Lakshadweep	9	7	11						
6. Puducherry	6	8	4						

Infant mortality rates for smaller States and Union Territories are based on three-year period 2018-20. On account of wide year-to-year fluctuations due to inadequate sample size, the infant mortality rate by sex, separately for rural and urban areas, is not given.

Table 6: Number of sample units and population covered; India, States and Union Territories, 2020

India/States/ Union Territories	Number of sample units			Population covered (in'000)		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
India	8841	4958	3883	8310	6081	2229
Bigger States/Union Territories						
1. Andhra Pradesh	325	198	127	357	284	73
2. Assam	299	89	210	232	114	118
3. Bihar	330	200	130	391	310	81
4. Chhattisgarh	158	73	85	122	75	47
5. Delhi	197	10	187	146	16	130
6. Gujarat	478	231	247	446	309	138
7. Haryana	255	144	111	266	201	65
8. Jammu & Kashmir	277	175	102	237	192	45
9. Jharkhand	210	91	119	163	98	64
10. Karnataka	511	361	150	493	412	81
11. Kerala	280	175	105	366	312	53
12. Madhya Pradesh	448	285	163	421	323	98
13. Maharashtra	661	306	355	539	359	180
14. Odisha	405	290	115	370	303	68
15. Punjab	249	130	119	224	154	70
16. Rajasthan	350	236	114	340	280	60
17. Tamil Nadu	545	235	310	531	342	189
18. Telangana	224	121	103	214	158	56
19. Uttar Pradesh	500	328	172	542	436	106
20. Uttarakhand	374	195	179	308	196	113
21. West Bengal	555	304	251	574	437	137
Smaller States						
1. Arunachal Pradesh	65	50	15	47	35	12
2. Goa	95	45	50	92	68	24
3. Himachal Pradesh	210	155	55	122	95	27
4. Manipur	165	120	45	152	126	26
5. Meghalaya	130	95	35	87	67	20
6. Mizoram	45	25	20	37	26	11
7. Nagaland	50	35	15	31	24	7
8. Sikkim	65	50	15	64	52	13
9. Tripura	90	65	25	114	99	16
Union Territories						
1. Andaman & Nicobar Islands	55	37	18	52	40	12
2. Chandigarh	40	5	35	36	11	26
3. Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu	60	30	30	74	52	22
4. Ladakh	71	49	22	53	45	8
5. Lakshadweep	14	2	12	14	4	10
6. Puducherry	55	18	37	53	29	24

Note: 'Total' population may not add up to 'Rural' and 'Urban' population due to rounding.

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